TT-01-2024

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M. Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION

APRIL/MAY, 2024

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Paper MQA-101-I

(Tuesday, 14-05-2024)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- Note: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Answer the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What are chromophores and auxochromes?
- (b) Enlist name of solvents used in NMR.
- (c) Give the significance of isotopic peak.
- (d) Differentiate between stationary phase of HPTLC and TLC.

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2)

TT-01-2024

- (e) What is gel electrophoresis?
- (f) Write application of potentiometer.
- (g) Define quinchers with suitable examples.
- (h) What do you mean by quantum numbers?
- (i) Write principle of affinity chromatography.
- (j) Give the nitrogen rule.
- 2. Answer any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What is shielding and deshielding effect in NMR? Discuss various factors influencing chemical Shift.
- (b) Write in detail about instrumentation of UV-visible spectroscopy.
- (c) Give principle of XRD. Discuss in detail about instrumentation of XRD.
- 3. Solve any seven:

- (α) Describe sampling techniques in IR spectroscopy.
- (b) What is chemical shift? Explain factors influencing chemical shift.
- (c) Explain different types of ion produced in masss pectroscopy.
- (d) Write in detail about instrumentation of gas chromatography.

WT (3) TT-01-2024

- (e) State Bragg's law. Write types of crystal affecting X-ray diffraction result.
- (f) Write a note on Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA)
- (g) Explain in detail McLafferty rearrangement.
- (h) Explain the procedure for ion exchange chromatography.
- (i) Discuss in detail about Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC).

TT-01-2024

TT-14-2024

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE

M. Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION

APRIL/MAY, 2024

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Paper MQA-102T

(Thursday, 16-05-2024)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- Note:— (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve all the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Define six sigma.
- (b) Define quality. Enlist the different dimensions of quality.
- (c) What is difference between mission and vision?
- (d) Define out of specification with example.
- (e) What is internal and external customer?

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TT-14-2024

- (f) Define TQM.
- (g) Write in brief about classification of customers.
- (h) Define cost of quality.
- (i) What is cost of internal failure?
- (j) What is customer satisfaction and customer delight?
- 2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What is customer perception? Write in detail about factor affecting the customer perception
- (b) Discuss NABL certification and accrediation process.
- (c) Write in detail about ISO 9001: 2008.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (a) Write in detail about categories of cost of quality.
- (b) Write in detail about six sigma and lean six sigma.
- (c) Discuss statistical process control techniques.
- (d) Discuss the ICH guidelines for stability testing of drug substance and drug product.
- (e) Discuss in detail about QbD (Quality by Design)

WT (3) TT—14—2024

- (f) Discuss in detail about the change control and deviation procedure.
- (g) Define benchmarking and discuss in detail types of benchmarking.
- (h) Define vendor. Discuss qualification of a vendor.
- (i) Discuss measuring process control and quality improvement.

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TT-26-2024

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE

M. Pharmacy (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION APRIL/MAY, 2024

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

(MQA-103T)

(Saturday, 18-05-2024)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Answer the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (1) Differentiate between quality control and quality assurance.
- (2) Enlist IPQC tests for ointments and cream.
- (3) What is three-tier documentation?
- (4) What is process deviation?
- (5) Enlist objectives behind establishing ICH guidelines.

WT-26 - 2024Write about scope of GLP. (6)Elaborate PDCA cycle. (7)(8)Give composition of IAEC. (9)What is drug product salvaging? What is change control? Give its significance. (10) $2 \times 20 = 10$ 2. Solve any two of the following: What is quality audit? Discuss types of audit & audit procedure in detail. (1)Discuss cGMP guidelines according to schedule m. (2)Elaborate structure and functions of ICH steering committee. (3) $7 \times 5 = 35$ Solve any seven of the following: Write a note on good warehousing practices. (1)Write a note on purchase specification.

Write in detail about CTD & eCTD.

Discuss about the concept of regulated and non-regulated market.

(2)

(3)

(4)

WT (3) TT—26—2024

- (5) Discuss the scope and importance of intellectual property rights.
- (6) Elaborate IPQC tests for parenterals.
- (7) Discuss the measures to avoid mix-ups in pharmaceutical industry.
- (8) How analysis of raw materials is carried out?
- (9) Write in detail about CPCSEA guidelines.

TT-38-2024

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY

M. Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

APRIL/MAY, 2024

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Paper MQP-104T

(Tuesday, 21-05-2024)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve all the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is SUPAC?
- (b) What is Clinical Research Process?
- (c) Enlist quality control test parameters for solids.
- (d) What is post-marketing surveillance?
- (e) Give the importance of co-solvency.

WT Define optimization batch. (f)What is development report? (g) Enlist issue facing by modern drug packaging. (h) Explain technology transfer in pharmaceuticals. (i)Define surfectant role in product development. (*j*) $2 \times 10 = 20$ Solve any two of the following: 2. Discuss the various problems during technology transfer from research (α) and development to production. Explain types of packaging with its quality control tests. (b) Describe in detail about ANDA. (c) $7 \times 5 = 35$ Solve any seven of the following: Explain solubility testing during product development. (a) Discuss product registration guidelines of CDSCO. (b) Explain preformulation protocol. (c) Describe the large scale manufacturing techniques of liquid oral. (d)

Explain the layout of pilot plant of parenteral dosage form.

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- Describe IND approval process with flow diagram. **(f)**
- Explain qualitative and quantitative technology models. (g)
- Explain advantages and disadvantages of glass containers. (h)
- (i)Discuss technology transfer planning and exhibition.

3

QT-01-2023

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (CSCS PSI) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES Paper MQA-101T

(Tuesday, 26-12-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—Three Hours

Maximum Marks-75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answers to the point only.
- 1. Answer the following questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) State Beer's law.
- (b) What are overtones and Fermi resonance?
- (c) Compare ¹³C NMR and H¹ NMR.
- (d) Write the principle of atomic absorption spectroscopy.
- (e) Enlist the different regions of IR.
- (f) What is retention factor? Give its importance.
- (g) Write the various detectors used in gas chromatography.
- (h) What are quantum number? Give its examples.
- (i) What are important parameters of X-ray diffraction?
- (j) What is the process of deshielding?

WT (2) QT—01—2023

2. Answer any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Write the role of UV, IR, NMR and MS in structural elucidation with suitable examples.
- (b) Write in detail about instrumentation principle and application of HPTLC.
- (c) Explain in brief about spin-spin coupling and chemical shift.
- 3. Answer any seven of the following:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- (a) Write instrumentation of ELISA.
- (b) Give the comparative advantages and disadvantages of HPLC.
- (c) Write the factors affecting fluorescence.
- (d) Discuss the importance and advantages of Radioimmunoassay in pharmaceutical analysis.
- (e) What are the factors influencing vibrational frequencies?
- (f) Discuss the various rules which are helpful in predicting peak in the mass spectrum.
- (g) Write about instrumentation of UV-visible spectroscopy.
- (h) Describe different interference observed in Atomic absorption spectroscopy.
- (i) Write a short note on different types of columns used in HPLC.

QT-01-2023

2

QT-12-2023

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (CBCS PCI) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

MQA-102T

(Thursday, 28-12-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Answer to the point only.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Solve all of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Define out of trend (OOT).
- (b) What is quality? Enlist four characters of quality.
- (c) What is cost of external failure?
- (d) Write quality policy for ideal organization.
- (e) Give the elements of TQM.
- (f) What is IPQC?
- (g) Give the applications of statistical process control in health environment.
- (h) Define customer and vendor.
- (i) What are control charts? Enlist types of control charts.
- (j) Write ideal aspects to establish vision and mission of an organization.

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QT-12-2023

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Discuss in detail process involved in vendor qualification, annual product review and batch release.
- (b) Discuss in detail benchmarking process with its advantages.
- (c) Discuss ICH Q10 guidelines.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- (a) Discuss quality by design process.
- (b) Discuss six system inspection model.
- (c) Describe various techniques used under TQM.
- (d) Write the features of quality management review. Discuss procedural guidelines for NABL certification.
- (e) Explain Mekinsey 7s model.
- (f) Discuss ICH guidelines for stability testing of drug substances.
- (g) Define statistical process control. Discuss process control measurement and quality impovement in an industry.
- (h) What is cost of quality? Explain various factors affecting cost of quality.
- (i) Discuss CFR-21 part 11 in detail.

QT-12-2023

2

QT-22-2023

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M. Pharm. (CBCS PCI) (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper MQA102T

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Saturday, 30-12-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) How to calculate expiry date?
- (b) Give the importance of distribution records.
- (c) What is Quality?
- (d) Enlist ICH quality guidelines.
- (e) What is process deviation?
- (f) What is drug master file?
- (g) Enlist quality control test parameters for capsules.

- (h) What is change control?
- (i) Define quality control and quality assurance.
- (j) What is trademark?
- 2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain schedule M requirements related to premises, sanitation and hygiene.
- (b) What is GLP? Describe various features of GLP.
- (c) Discuss various modules of eCTD documents.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- (a) Explain steps involved in equipment qualification.
- (b) What is IPR? Explain its types.
- (c) Explain various quality control tests for container, closures and secondary packaging material.
- (d) What is quality audit? Explain the process in detail.
- (e) Give a detailed account on stability testing of dosage form as per ICH guideline.
- (f) Write importance of documentation. Elaborate MFR and BMR.
- (g) Explain good warehousing practices in pharmaceuticals.
- (h) What is SOP? Explain the various SOPs in manufacturing area.
- (i) Explain various components of quality assurance.

QT-22-2023

QT-32-2023

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M. Pharm. (CBCS PCI) (First Semester) EXAMINATION JANUARY, 2024

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Paper-MQA-103T

(Tuesday, 2-1-2024)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Answer to the point only.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Answer the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is meant by SUPAC ?
- (b) What are the different goals of Preformulation studies?
- (c) Why to conduct Pilot Plant scale up. Give reason?
- (d) Why is plastic not suitable material for packaging. Give reason.
- (e) What is the role of technology transfer in pharmaceutical industry.
- (f) Differentiate between IND and NDA.
- (g) What is the role of Surfactant in solubilization?
- (h) Why to carry out process evaluation in pilot plant scale up?
- (i) Give ideal requirements of Packaging Materials.
- (j) What are the objectives of technology transfer in Pharmaceutical Industry?

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QT-32-2023

2. Long answer type questions (answer two out three)

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain in brief drug discovery and development process.
- (b) What is preformulation? Explain methods to study crystal properties.
- (c) Write notes on:
 - (i) Technology Transfer Plan
 - (ii) Factors influencing technology transfer.
- 3. Short answer questions (Answer seven out of nine):

 $5 \times 7 = 35$

- (a) Describe clinical research process in detail.
- (b) What is Polymorphism? Explain its significance in preformulation study.
- (c) Draw and explain well labelled layout of Tablet pilot plant.
- (d) Describe in short different types of pharmaceutical packaging materials.
- (e) Describe qualitative and quantitative technology models.
- (f) Discuss quality control test for containers and closures.
- (g) What are the different opportunities and challenges of new era of drug product?
- (h) What is Aseptic Packaging System? What are advantages and types of aseptic packaging systems?
- (i) Explain large scale manufacturing technique of liquid dosage form.

QT-32-2025

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HQ-01-2022

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2023

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES Paper-MQA-101-T

(Thursday, 16-03-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time- Three Hours

Maximum Marks-75

N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Answer the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is process of Deshielding?
- (b) Write reason for use of buffer in paper electrophoresis.
- (c) Enlist different analytical techniques used for isomer determination.
- (d) Write principle of column chromatography.
- (e) What is quantum number?
- (f) State Bragg's law.
- (g) Differentiate between stationary phase of HPTLC and TLC.
- (h) Define with example metastable ion.
- (i) Write effect of solvent on UV-visible spectrum.
- (j) Define Quinchers with suitable examples.
- 2. Answer any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain various types of ionization techniques used in MS.
- (b) Write in detail about instrumentation of NMR.
- (c) What are different types of molecular vibrations? Explain factors affecting vibrational frequencies. Support your answer with suitable examples.

3. Answer any seven of the following:

- (a) Write a short note on simultaneous estimation method.
- (b) Write about Mass fragmentation rule.
- (c) Write the procedure for ion-exchange chromatography.
- (d) Write about bonding and antibonding in UV-visible spectroscopy.
- (e) Give the components of FTIR.
- (f) Write instrumentation of ELISA.
- (g) Enlist different columns used in GC with a suitable example.
- (h) Discuss importance and advantages of RIA.
- (i) What is chemical shift? Describe factors affecting chemical shift.

HQ-12-2022

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2023

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

(MQA-102T)

(Saturday, 18-3-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.:— (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Answer to the point only.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Solve all the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is TQM?
- (b) Write different tools used in Quality Risk Management.
- (c) What is internal and external customer?
- (d) Enlist various dimensions of quality.
- (e) Define out of specification (OOS).
- (f) What is cost of internal failure?
- (g) What are basic requirements for development of quality culture?
- (h) Give the significance of ISO 9001: 2008.
- (i) Give the advantages of QbD approaches.
- (j) What is OHSAS 18001: 2007?

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What is IPQC? Discuss six system inspection model in detail.
- (b) Discuss McKinsey 7s model in industry.
- (c) Discuss NABL certification and accreditation process.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (a) Describe various tools and techniques used to mitigate risks in pharmaceuticals.
- (b) Discuss in detail process of area clearance and line clearance.
- (c) Define and classify customer. Explain procedures for handling customer complaints.
- (d) Explain various benchmarking attributes in detail.
- (e) Discuss steps involved in life-cycle management approach.
- (f) Discuss statistical process control techniques.
- (g) Discuss OHSAS guidelines for employees.
- (h) Define Vendor. Discuss qualification of a vendor.
- (i) Explain various techniques used for quality measurements in manufacturing.

HQ-22-2022

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2023

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper-MQA-102-T

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Tuesday, 21-03-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time— Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Answer the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Define role of institutional animal ethical committee.
- (b) What are various Sop's for control on animal house?
- (c) Enlist quality control test parameters for cream.
- (d) What is quality culture?
- (e) Give the importance of IPR.
- (f) What is deviation?
- (g) Define GMP and GCP.
- (h) What is mix-up?
- (i) Give composition of IAEC.
- (j) What are the main objectives of ICH?
- 2. Solve any two of the following

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Give importance of documentation. Explain MFR and BMR.
- (b) What is quality audit? Explain the quality audit procedure in pharmaceutical industry.
- (c) What is GLP? Describe various features of GLP in non-clinical laboratory.

3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (a) How to avoid mix-ups and cross contamination?
- (b) Explain various quality control tests for container, closures and secondary packaging material.
- (c) Write in detail about important points to be covered in preparing SOP in manufacturing premises.
- (d) Discuss the points to be considered for IPQC in manufacturing & packaging operations.
- (e) Explain copyright and trademarks.
- (f) Discuss various components of drug master file.
- (g) Explain with appropriate examples the role of quality control and quality assurance in pharmaceutical industry.
- (h) Explain various documentation involved in quality control area.
- (i) Discuss role, objective and composition of CPCSEA guidelines.

dosage forms.

HQ-32-2022

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2023

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

(Friday, 24-03-2023) Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Maximum Marks—75 Time—Three Hours N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory. Answer to the point only Figures to the right indicate full marks. (iii) Answer the following questions: What is meant by Nanomorph? What is Clinical Research Study? (ii) Enlist quality control test parameters for containers. (iii) What is role of surfactant in drug product development ? (iv)Why is preformulation study important? (v) What are ideal qualities of primary containers? (vi)Define optimization batches. (vii) What is meant by IND? (viii) Define enteral packaging. (ix)What is organoleptic properties? (x) $2 \times 10 = 20$ Long answer questions (Answer 2 out of 3): Explain in detail methods to improve solubility of Drugs. (i)Describe large scale manufacturing techniques of parenteral

- (iii) Write notes on:
 - (a) Product registration guidelines under CDSCO
 - (b) Closure of pharmaceutical containers.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (i) Explain medical device packaging.
- (ii) Discuss stability testing during drug product development.
- (iii) Enumerate various techniques for study of crystal properties of drug.
- (iv) Draw and explain well labelled layout of Tablet pilot plant.
- (v) Describe in short different types of Pharmaceutical Packaging materials.
- (vi) What are the different opportunities and challenges of new era of drug product?
- (vii) What is Aseptic Packaging System? What are the advantages and types of aseptic packaging systems?
- (viii) Write in short about Abbreviated New Drug Application.
- (ix) Discuss the issues facing modern drug packaging.

CN-01-2019

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2019

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MPA-101T)

(Wednesday, 27-11-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.: (i) Attempt all questions.
 - (ii) All questions carry equal marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Answer any ten:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Define quenching with suitable examples.
- (b) Write the name of the solvzent used in NMR.
- (c) Write the factors which affect on resolution in HPLC.
- (d) How many modes of vibrations present into chloroform?
- (e) Write on molecular ion peak.
- (f) Write about ion exchange chromatography.
- (g) What is process of shielding?
- (h) What are the basic components of XRD?
- (i) Mention various detectors used in GC.
- (j) Write the principle of affinity chromatography.
- (k) What is the difference between HPLC and UHPLC.
- (l) What are the differences between single focusing and double facusing mass spectrometer?

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2. Answer any two:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Classify chromatographic methods based on mechanism of separation and add a note on HPTLC chromatography.
- (b) Explain the theory of Mass spectroscopy and add a note on matrix assisted laser desorption ionization mass spectroscopy.
- (c) Explain the various components and working principle of fluorescence and phosphorescence spectrophotometer.
- 3. Answer any seven:

 $7 \times 4 = 28$

- (a) Discuss about spin-spin coupling and coupling constant.
- (b) Describe working of flame ionisation detector and thermal conductivity detector.
- (c) Write on principle, instrumentation and p'ceutical applications of DTA.
- (d) Explain the principle and write the applications of potentiometry.
- (e) Explain how the calibration techniques are adopted in GC.
- (f) Explain moving boundary electrophorens-principle and application.
- (g) Discuss in detail about the principle and instrumentation of HPLC.
- (h) Describe the various sampling techniques in IR.
- (i) Predict the splitting pattern for ethanol in 'HNMR.

CN-06-2019

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2019

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MQA-102T)

(Friday, 29-11-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Answer any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Enlist the various dimensions of quality.
- (b) Give the significance of benchmarking.
- (c) Define out of specification (OOS).
- (d) Enlist the various components of Total Quality Management.
- (e) What is customer? What do you mean by customer focus?
- (f) Enlist various tools and techniques used for quality risk management.
- (g) Give the importance of statistical process control.
- (h) Give the basic criteria for selection of a vendor.
- (i) What do you understand about cost of internal failure.
- (j) Give the advantages of quality by design (QbD) approaches.
- (k) What are control charts? Enlist the types of control charts.
- (l) Give the significance of ISO 9001: 2008.

2. Answer any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Discuss Mckinsey 7s model in industry.
- (b) Discuss in detail NABL certification and accreditation process.
- (c) Discuss in detail ICH Q9 guidelines for quality risk management.
- 3. Answer any seven of the following:

- (a) What are customer complaints? Discuss handling of customer complaints in detail.
- (b) Explain various models of cost of quality.
- (c) Discuss OSHAS guidelines for employees.
- (d) Explain six system inspection model related to production system and equipment system.
- (e) Describe various stages involved in product returns and recalls.
- (f) What is QbD approach? Explain various components in detail.
- (g) Describe various tools and techniques used to mitigate risks in pharmaceuticals.
- (h) Explain various types of benchmarking.
- (i) Explain various approaches used for measuring process control and quality improvement of pharmaceuticals.

CN-12-2019

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2019

(PCI Pattern)

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper (MQA103T)

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Monday, 2-12-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Enlist the various SOP's in animal house.
- (b) Give the importance of IPR.
- (c) What is quality culture?
- (d) Enlist quality control test parameters for ointment and creams.
- (e) What is salvaging?
- (f) What are main objectives of ICH?
- (g) What is change control?
- (h) Differentiate between quality control and quality assurance.
- (i) Give the importance of record keeping in Q.C. area.
- (j) Give the importance of waste management.
- (k) What is cross contamination?
- (l) Enlist ICH quality guidelines.

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Discuss ICH Q_1A (R_2) guidelines.
- (b) What is GCP? Discuss various features of GCP.
- (c) Explain various documentation involved in pharmaceutical industry.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- (a) Explain with appropriate examples the role of quality control in pharma industry.
- (b) Discuss role, objective and composition of CPCSEA guideline.
- (c) What is quality audit? Explain regulatory audit process.
- (d) Discuss various points to be considered for IPQC in manufacturing operations.
- (e) Explain sanitation and premises as per schedule M.
- (f) Write importance of documentation. Elaborate MFR and BMR.
- (g) Explain ECTD modules as per ICH guidelines.
- (h) Discuss role of quality assurance in pharmaceutical industry.
- (i) Explain concept of change control and deviation in pharma industry.

CN-12-2019

CN-18-2019

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M. Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) (PCI) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2019

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper (MQA-104 T)

(Product Development and Technology Transfer)

(Wednesday, 4-12-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m

Time— Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Answer to the point only.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Answer all questions:

 $10 \times = 20$

- (a) What is NDA?
- (b) What is co-solvency? Give its significance.
- (c) Write about post-marketing surveillance.
- (d) Define pharmaceutical packaging. Enlist different packaging materials.
- (e) Define Technology Transfer in Pharmaceuticals.
- (f) What is Aseptic Packaging?
- (g) Write about Technology Transfer Plan.
- (h) Give significance of pilot plant scale up.
- (i) Define polymorphism. Give its importance.
- (j) What is large scale manufacturing technique?
- 2. Long answer questions (answer 2 out of 3):

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Describe in detail about ANDA.
- (b) Explain stability testing during product development.
- (c) Write in detail large scale manufacturing technique for Parenteral dosage forms.

3. Short answer questions (answer 7 out of 9):

- (a) Write about selection and evaluation of pharmaceutical packaging material.
- (b) Describe various qualitative and quantitative technology models for technology transfer.
- (c) Discuss the quality control tests for closures and secondary packaging material.
- (d) Discuss on development report in pharmaceutical R and D.
- (e) Write about SNDA.
- (f) Describe various methods to improve solubility of drugs.
- (g) Discuss on design and layout of pilot scale up study.
- (h) What are the requirements of Pharmaceutical Packaging? Write about medical device packaging.
- (i) Write about product registration guidelines of USFDA.

CM-1-2019

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2019

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES (MPA-101-T)

(Monday, 22-4-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks-75

- N.B. :- (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is nitrogen rule?
- (b) Give the limitation of XRD.
- (c) What is shielding and deshielding?
- (d) Give the principle of affinity chromatography.
- (e) What is the difference in operation principle of AAS and AES?
- (f) Write different types of columns used in HPLC.
- (g) Write the name of factors affect on migration of DNA in electrophoresis.
- (h) What are chromophores and auxochromes?
- (i) Calculate numebr of vibrations presnt in methanol.
- (j) Write the block diagram of gas chromatography.
- (k) Give the advantages of HPTLC over other techniques.
- (1) Give the advantage of MALDI.

2. Solve any two:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Give the principle of XRD. Write the essential part of differactometer.

 Discuss in detail instrumentation of it.
- (b) Give the principle and FT-NMR and ¹³C NMR. Explain spin-spin coupling and coupling constant in detail.
- (c) Give the different types of mass spectroscoy. Discuss APPI analyzers of quadruple and time of flight.

3. Solve any seven:

- (a) Discuss derivative UV-vis spectroscopy in Analytical Chemistry.
- (b) Explain different types of ion produced in mass spectroscopy.
- (c) Explain various application and strength of XRD.
- (d) Discuss various types of column used in HPLC.
- (e) Explain various factors affecting vibrational frequencies and give application of IR spectroscopy.
- (f) Discuss various steps involved during HPTLC.
- (g) What is chemical shift? Explain factors influencing chemical shift.
- (h) What are quenchers? Explain various types and quenchers.
- (i) Explain isolation technique in ion exchange chromatography. Discuss various factors affecting resolution through it.

CM-6-2019

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2019

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Paper PQA-101T

(Wednesday, 24-4-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. Maximum Marks—75

Time-3 Hours All questions are compulsory. N.B. :- (i)

Figures to the right indicate full marks. (ii)

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- Solve any ten: 1.
 - Write principle of TQM and enlist main component of it. (a)
 - What is meant by customer delight? (b)
 - Give the significance of quality matrix.
 - Write the various objectives of statistical approaches used for quality (c) (d)sustenance.
 - Write in short cost of quality. (e) c
 - What is vendor qualification?
 - (f) Write about risk management tools. (g)
 - Give the advantages of statistical control. (h)
 - What is concept of IPQC.
 - Give the important benefits of implementation of QbD approaches. (i) (i)
 - Define SPC. Write the inherent capability from control chart analysis. (k)
 - Give the principle of six sigma. (1)

2.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

Solve any two: Discuss various approaches used in risk assessment, controls review and various tools used as per ICH guideline ICH Q9. (a)

- (b) Explain the secrets and steps towards establishing a successful quality circle program in a firm.
- (c) Discuss quality by design and process development in pharmaceuticals.
- 3. Solve any seven:

- (a) Discuss McKinsey 7S model in detail.
- (b) Describe various dimensions of quality.
- (c) Describe returns and recalls in pharmaceutical industry.
- (d) State and explain various barriers to TQM implementation in an organization.
- (e) What is quality culture? Explain various approaches to maintain quality culture.
- (f) Discuss the ICH Q10 guideline of pharmaceutical quality management.
- (g) Explain packing and labelling system in six system inspection model.
- (h) Explain various factors affecting on customers perceptions.
- (i) Discuss corrective and preventive action in Industry.

CM-12-2019

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2019

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper MQA-102T

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Friday, 26-4-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Differentiate between quality control and quality assurance.
- (b) Enlist various SOP's for control on animal house.
- (c) What is quality culture?
- (d) What are in-process quality control test for tablets?
- (e) What is trade mark?
- (f) Define mix up and cross contamination.
- (g) What is expiry date?
- (h) Give the minimum qualification required for IAEC member.
- (i) What are the functions of quality control department?
- (j) Enlist quality control test parameters for ointments and creams.
- (k) What is good warehousing practice?
- (l) What is salvaging?

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What is GMP? Explain schedule M in detail.
- (b) Discuss ICH Q1A (R2) guideline.
- (c) Enlist and explain the SOP's for control on animal house.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (a) Discuss role of QA in pharmaceutical industry.
- (b) Explain raw material in process and finished products specifications.
- (c) What is DMF? Explain its types.
- (d) Explain importance of intellectual property rights.
- (e) Discuss various methods to avoid mix ups and cross contamination.
- (f) Write importance of documentation. Elaborate MFR and BMR.
- (g) What is quality audit? Explain the process in detail.
- (h) Explain handling of scrap and waste disposal.
- (i) Discuss the measures to be taken while handling electronic data.

CM-18-2019

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2019

(New Course)

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

(MQA-103T)

(Product Development and Technology Transfer)

(Monday, 29-4-2019)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is post-marketing surveillance?
- (b) What is technology transfer?
- (c) Enlist quality control test parameters for container.
- (d) What is clinical research study?
- (e) What is complextion?
- (f) Enlist physical modification techniques for solubility enhancement.
- (g) Give importance of cosolvency.
- (h) What is development report?
- (i) Enlist quality control test parameters for solids.
- (j) What is stability study?
- (k) Define optimization batch.
- (l) What is impurity profiling.

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain pilot plant scale up study in pharmaceutical industry.
- (b) Describe various methods to improve solubility of drug substance.
- (c) Discuss product registration guideline of CDSCO.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (a) Explain in detail clinical trials in drug discovery.
- (b) Describe the factors influencing technology transfer.
- (c) Explain various methods used in manufacturing of oral liquids.
- (d) Explain stability testing during product development.
- (e) Describe medical device packaging with its quality control tests.
- (f) Explain various problems during technology transfer from R&D to production.
- (g) Explain various dosage forms and their packaging requirements.
- (h) Discuss various techniques for the study of crystal properties and polymorphism.
- (i) Explain qualitative and quantitative technology models.

CI-1-2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharmacy (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2018

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES Paper MPA-101-T

(Monday, 3-12-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-Three Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.:— (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer the questions wherever necessary.
- 1. Solve 10 out of 12:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What is effect of sample thickness on the absorption of X-rays?
- (b) Write ideal characteristics of ion exchange resin.
- (c) Give the nitrogen rule.
- (d) Define quenching with suitable examples.
- (e) Calculate number of mode of vibrations present into CCl₄.
- (f) Write the name of solvent used in NMR.
- (g) What is isotopic peak? Give its significance.
- (h) Write the principle of affinity chromatography.
- (i) What is gel electrophoresis?
- (j) What is McLafferty rearrangement?
- (k) Why derivatisation is needed in gas chromatography?
- (1) Write the factors which affect on resolution in HPLC.

- 2. Solve two out of three:
 - Explain number of ions produced in mass spectrum. Discuss FAB and (a)MALDI technique in detail.
 - What is shielding and deshielding effect in NMR? Discuss various factors **(b)** influencing chemical shift.
 - Enlist various vibrations in molecules. Describe various interpretation (c)rules for IR spectrum.
- 3. Solve seven out of nine :

- Give the various types of mass spectroscopy. Discuss ESI techniques (α) for determination of mass.
- Explain theory and laws associated with UV spectroscopy. **(b)** (c)
- Describe in detail sampling techniques in IR spectroscopy.
- Explain various factors affecting on fluorescence. (d)
- Give the theory of AAS. Discuss instrumentation of it. (e)
- Discuss principle and factor affecting resolution of paper chromatography. (f)
- What is Bragg's law? Write the types of crystal affecting X-ray (g) differaction result.
- Discuss various detectors used in Gas chromatography. (h)
- Give the comparative explanation on HPLC and UHPLC. (i)

CI-6-2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2018

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

(MQA-101-T)

(Wednesday, 5-12-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks-75

N.B. :- (i) All questions are compulsory.

- Draw neat diagram wherever necessary. (ii)
- Answer the questions to the point. (iii)
- 1. Solve ten out of twelve:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- Write ideal aspects to establish vision and mission of organization. (a) **(b)**
- Give the main component of TQM.
- (c) What is OOS?
- Give the benefits of Benchmarking. (d)
- What is meant by internal and external customer? (e)
- Give the application of statistical process control in health care (f)
- Give the important features of ICH Q9. (g)
- Give the objective of life cycle management approaches. (h)
- What are basic requirements for development of quality culture? (i) (j)
- Give the importance of knowledge management.
- Give the ICH guideline for stability testing of drug prdouct (Name the (k) guideline)
- What is HACCP? (l)

2. Solve two out of three :

- What is quality matrix? Describe the WHO GLP requirement and (a) CFR-21 part 11. **(b)**
- Write the features of operational excellence. Describe statistical process control techniques.
- What is concept of IPQC? Discuss six system inspection models in (c)
- 3. Solve seven out of nine :

- Classify different kinds of customer? Explain procedures handling (a)customer complaints.
- Discuss various models used in cost of quality. **(b)**
- Discuss various types of benchmarking and explain approaches used (c)
- Describe in detail process of area clearance and line clearance. (d)
- Explain various techniques used for quality measurement in (e) manufacturing.
- Write the benefits of process analytical technology used for process (f)development. Enlist various tools used in it. (g)
- Write benefits of QBD. Explain key area considered for process development. (h)
- What different models can be studied to develop strategic decision under competitive analysis? (i)
- Explain in detail optimising costs for ointment manufacturing unit.

CI—12—2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2018

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

(MQA-120T)

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Saturday, 8-12-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.:— (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Enlist the objectives of ICH.
- (b) What is GMP?
- (c) What is quality?
- (d) Enlist the quality control parameters for capsules.
- (e) What is process deviation?
- (f) What is change control?
- (g) What are the key elements for retention of records?
- (h) Explain importance of purchase specification.
- (i) What is quality culture?
- (j) Define job responsibilities of personnel in QA department.
- (k) How to calculate expiry date?
- (l) What is IPR?

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain IPQL in manufacturing and packaging operations.
- (b) What is GLP? Describe various features of GLP.
- (c) What is quality audit? Explain the process in detail.
- 3. Solve any seven:

- (a) Describe various functions of quality control and quality assurance department.
- (b) How to avoid cross contamination and mix-ups in pharmaceutical industry?
- (c) Give the importance of documentation. Elaborate MFR and BMR.
- (d) Explain quality control tests for container, closure and secondary packaging.
- (e) Explain good warehousing practices in pharamaceuticals.
- (f) What are various SOPs for control on animal house?
- (g) Discuss the importance of inprocess quality control tests in pharma industry.
- (h) Explain precautionary measures taken for control on electronic data.
- (i) Explain sanitation procedure of manufacturing premises.

CI-18-2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2018

(PCI Syllabus)

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper MQA-103T

(Product Development and Technology Transfer)

(Tuesday, 11-12-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is NDA?
- (b) Enlist the special equipments used in liquid dosage form.
- (c) Enlist the quality control test parameters for secondary packaging material.
- (d) Define technology transfer in pharmaceuticals.
- (e) What is clinical research process?
- (f) What is impurity profile of drug?
- (g) Give importance of co-solvency in new product development.
- (h) Give significance of pilot plant scale up techniques.
- (i) Enumerate factors influencing technology transfer.
- (j) Enlist the quality control test parameters for solid dosage form.
- (h) What is Aseptic packaging system?
- (l) Enlist pharmaceutical dosage form packaging requirements.

2. Solve any two of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain the various problems during technology transfer from R&D to production.
- (b) Describe ANDA in detail.
- (c) Describe methods to improve solubility of drug substance.
- 3. Solve any seven of the following:

- (a) Discuss product registration guidelines of USFDA.
- (b) Describe various methods used in manufacturing of liquid dosage form.
- (c) Give the opportunities and challenges in new drug product development.
- (d) Define external packaging with its quality control tests.
- (e) Explain development report in technology transfer.
- (f) Explain concept and design of pilot plant scale up study.
- (g) Describe post-marketing surveillance of a new drug.
- (h) Explain stability testing during product development.
- (i) Explain preformulation protocol.

DF—1—2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2018

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES Paper MPA-101-T

(Friday, 20-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All the questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Solve *ten* out of twelve :

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What are the basic components of XRD?
- (b) Give the principle of ion-exchange chromatography.
- (c) What is Isotopic peak? Give its significance.
- (d) Write the variables influencing absorption of UV radiation.
- (e) Calculate number of mode of vibrations present into methanol molecule.
- (f) What is the difference between ¹³C-NMR and 1H-NMR?
- (g) Enlist the materials used in gel electrophoresis.
- (h) Mention various detectors used in GC.
- (i) Give the principle of AAS.
- (j) Write the significance of affinity chromatography.
- (k) What is McLafferty rearrangement?
- (1) Write the principle of affinity chromatography.
- 2. Solve *two* out of three:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

(a) What is chemical shift? Write about splitting of signal. Explain in detail about spin-spin coupling.

- Give the various types of mass spectroscopy. Discuss FAB and MALDI (b)technique for determination of mass.
- Write significant role of UV, IR, NMR and MS in structural (c)elucidation with suitable example.
- Solve seven out of nine: 3.

- Enlist and explain electronic transition in UV. (a)
- Explain different types of column in HPLC. (b)
- Discuss instrumentation of column chromatography. (c)
- What is Bragg's equation? Write its importance in X-ray. (d)
- What is FTIR? Enlist important advantage of it. (e)
- Define with examples spin-spin coupling and J costant. (f)
- Write in brief about working of qudrapole analyzer. (g)
- Give comparative advantages and disadvantage of HPLC and GC. (h)
- Instrumentation of double beam UV-visible spectroscopy. (i)

DF-06-2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY M. Pharm. (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2018

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MQA-101T)

(Monday, 21-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Answer the questions to the point.
- 1. Solve 10 out of 12:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Write quality policy for ideal organization.
- (b) What is OHSAS 18001: 2007?
- (c) What is OOT?
- (d) Give the significance of benchmarking.
- (e) What are the ideal requirement of customer?
- (f) Give the elements of TQM.
- (g) Write different tools used in quality risk management.
- (h) What are the objectives of life-cycle management approach.
- (i) What is CAPA?
- (j) Give the importance of knowledge management.
- (k) What are basic requirements for quality culture?
- (1) Write ICH guidlines related to PAT implementation.

2. Solve two out of three:

20

- (a) Discuss in detail implementation of OHSAS 18001 implemention model planning for hazard identification, risk assessment and risk control.
- (b) What is concept of IPQC? Discuss six system inspection model in detail.
- (c) Give the features of process capability. Discuss various aspects of estimating inherent or potential capability from control chart analysis.
- 3. Solve any seven out of nine:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- (a) What are customer perceptions of quality? Explain term customer satisfaction and customer delisht.
- (b) What is cost of quality? Explain various factors affecting on it.
- (c) Explain various benchmarking attributes in detail.
- (d) Discuss systematic process involved in product returns and recalls.
- (e) What is Kaizen? Explain various toos used for quality improvement.
- (f) Discuss various tools and techniques used for process understanding.
- (g) Write objectives of QBD. Explain opportunity area for process development.
- (h) Explain in detail optimising costs for pharmaceutical products.
- (i) What are different models used to study competitive analysis for strategic decision in industry.

DF-06-2018

DF—12—2018

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY M. Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2018

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper (MOA-102T)

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Wednesday, 25-4-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B.:— (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is quality?
- (b) Enlist the objectives of ICH.
- (c) Give the importance of training in pharmaceutical industry.
- (d) Enlist the quality control parameters for tablet.
- (e) What is change control?
- (f) What are the key elements for retention of records.
- (g) What is cross contamination?
- (h) Enlist the instruments used in animal house.
- (i) Enlist IPQC test for ointments.
- (j) Define job responsibilities personnel in QA department.
- (k) How to calculate yield in production?
- (1) What is IPR?

2. Solve any two:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What is GLP? Describe the various features of GLP.
- (b) Explain in detail regularly requirement of pharma facilities with reference to schedule m.
- (c) What is quality audit? Explain the process in detail.
- 3. Solve any seven:

- (a) Describe various functions of quality control and quality assurance a department.
- (b) Explain quality control tests for container closure and secondary packaging.
- (c) Discuss the steps involved in equipment qualification.
- (d) Explain good warehousing practices in pharmaceutical.
- (e) Explain various components of quality assurance.
- (f) Discuss importance of in-process quality control tests in pharma industry.
- (g) Explain precautionary measures taken for control as electronic data.
- (h) Explain NABL certification process in India.
- (i) Discuss in detail sanitation procedure of manufacturing premises.

FB-01-2017

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2017

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

Paper MPA-101T

(Tuesday, 21-11-2017)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks-75

- N.B. :- (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer the questions wherever necessary.
- 1. Solve 10 out of 12:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What are the important parameters of X-ray diffraction?
- (b) Enlist the factors affecting on ion exchange separation.
- (c) What is metastable ions?
- (d) Enlist various electronic transitions by absorption of UV in molecules.
- (e) Calculate number of mode of vibrations present into ethanol.
- (f) What is quantum numbers? Write suitable examples.
- (g) What are the pros and cons of gel electrophoresis?
- (h) Mention various types of column used in HPLC.
- (i) Write the various detectors used in Gas chromatography.
- (j) Enlist the material used in gel electrophoresis.
- (k) Give the principle of AAS.
- (1) Write principle of column chromatography.
- 2. Solve two out of three:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

(a) Give the various types of mass spectroscopy. Explain ionization techniques used in it. Write number of ions produced in mass spectroscopy.

- (b) What are mode of molecular vibration? Explain factor affecting vibrational frequencies. Write the applications of IR spectroscopy.
- (c) Write significant role of UV, IR, NMR and MS in structural elucidation with suitable examples.
- 3. Solve seven out of nine:

- (a) Discuss instrumentation of spectrofluorimetry.
- (b) What is Bragg's equation? Write its importance and challenges of it.
- (c) Write in brief about working of quadruple analyzer.
- (d) Give comparative advantages and disadvantages of HPLC and GC.
- (e) Explain various electrophoresis techniques. Discuss instrumentation of it.
- (f) Give the interpretation rules of IR spectrum.
- (g) Explain spin-spin coupling and J constant.
- (h) Give the principle of chiral chromatography.
- (i) Instrumentation of UV-visible spectroscopy.

FB-3-2017

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY M. Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2017

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Paper MQA-101-T

(Thursday, 23-11-2017)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-Three Hours

Maximum Marks-75

- N.B.: (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Answer the questions to the point.
- 1. Solve ten out of 12:

2×10=20

- (a) Write quality objectives of any ideal organization.
- (b) Give the benefit of OHSAS 18001: 2007.
- (c) What is CAPA?
- (d) Give importance of benchmarking.
- (e) What are objectives of customer focus?
- (f) What is statistical process control?
- (g) Write the steps involved in QdD approach.
 - (h) Give the objectives of life cycle management approach.
 - (i) What is concept of IPQC.
 - (f) What are elements of Total Quality Management.
 - (k) Enlists factors affecting cost of Quality.
 - (b) What are the objectives to enhance quality?

2. Solve two out of three:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Write the features of quality management review. Discuss procedural guideline for NABL certification and accreditation.
- (b) Give the characteristics of process capability. Discuss various tools estimating inherent (aspect) capability from a control chart analysis.
- (c) Describe in detail process involved in vendor qualification, annual product review and batch release.
- 3. Solve seven out of nine:

- (a) Explain marketing 7S frame work model in Industry.
- (b) Explain various types of benchmarkging.
- (c) Describe techniques used under TQM.
- (d) Write the principle of QbD approach.
- (e) Enlist steps involved in life cycle managment approach.
- (f) Explain in detail optimising costs for pharmaceutical products.
- (g) Describe detail process of urea clearance/line clearance.
- (h) Discuss statistical process control techniques.
- (i) Explain process of hazard identification and risk assessment.

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FB-06-2017

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2017

(PCI Syllabus)

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper MQA-102T

(Quality Control and Quality Assurance)

(Saturday, 25-11-2017)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time-3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B.:— (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Enlist ICH quality guidelines.
- (b) What is GMP?
- (c) Enlist the quality control parameters for capsules.
- (d) Give the importance of distribution record.
- (e) What is process deviation?
- (f) Explain importance of purchase specification.
- (g) What is mix-ups in pharmaceutical industry?
- (h) What is quality culture?
- (i) Enlist key elements of raw material analysis.
- (j) How to calculate expiry date ? •
- (h) Differentiate between quality control and quality assurance.
- (1) What are precautionary measures to be taken while manufacturing of bulk products?

2. Solve any two:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain IPQC in manufacturing and packaging operations.
- (b) Give a detailed account on stability testing of dosage form as per ICH guideline.
- (c) What is SOP? Explain important points to be covered in preparing SOP in manufacturing premises.
- 3. Solve any seven:

7×5=35

- (a) Explain process of quality audit.
- (b) Give importance of documentation. Elaborate MFR and BMR.
- (c) How to avoid cross contamination and mix-ups in pharmaceutical industry?
- (d) Discuss ICH guideline of QIA(F2).
- (e) What are various SOPs for control in animal house?
- (f) Explain significance of GLP in not clinical laboratory testing.
- (g) Discuss various components of quality control dept.
- (h) Explain importance of finished products quality control tests in pharmaceuticals.
- (i) What are the measures to be taken while handling electronic data?

FB-06-2017

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FB-09-2017

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES TECHNOLOGY

M.Pharm. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2017

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Paper MQA-103T

(Product Development and Technology Transfer)

(Monday, 27-11-2017)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Answer to the point only.
- 1. Solve any ten:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is ANDA?
 - (b) What is Nanomorph?
 - (c) Enlist the special equipments used in liquid dosage form.
 - (d) Enlist the quality control test parameters for closures.
 - (e) Define technology transfer in pharmaceuticals.
 - (f) Enumerate factors influencing technology transfer.
 - (g) Define surfactants role in drug product development.
 - (h) What is clinical research study?
 - (i) Enlist issues facing by modern drug packaging.
 - (j) What is co-solvency?
 - (k) Give challenges in new era of drug product.
 - (1) Define preformulation with its importance.
- 2. Solve any two:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) Explain pilot plant scale up study in pharmaceutical industry.
- (b) Describe various methods to improve solubility of drug substances.
- (c) Explain the development and information content for IND.

3. Solve any seven:

- (a) Discuss product registration guidelines of CDSCO.
- (b) Explain stability testing during product development.
- (c) Describe various methods used in manufacturing liquid dosage form.
- (d) Define medical device packaging with its quality control tests.
- (e) Explain development report in pharmaceutical R and D.
- (f) Discuss post marketing surveillance of new medicine.
- (g) Explain the layout of pilot plant of parenteral dosage form.
- (h) Describe scale up post approval changes in pharmaceutical industry.
- (i) Explain clinical trails in drug discovery.